



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/478,812	01/07/2000	Yukiyasu Sugano	SON-1718	2204
75	90 04/08/2002			
Ronald P Kananen Esq Rader Fishman & Grauer The Lies Building			EXAMINER	
			LEE, EUGENE	
The Lion Buildi 1233 20th Stree	•			
Washington, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2815	
			DATE MAILED: 04/08/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Auto 6	09/478,812	SUGANO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAN INC DATE AND	Eugene Lee	2815			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a real of NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated that the main that the second patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re eply within the statutory minimum of thirt od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u>	7 January 2000 .				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ 1	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>11,12,17,18,27,28,39,40,53,54,63</u>	65,73 and 74 is/are pending	in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11,12,17,18,27,28,39,40,53,54,63,65,73 and 74</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Ap	plication No			
<ul><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Bit * See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li></ul>	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	tic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application).			
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	ovisional application has bee	en received.			
Attachment(s)	•				
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) ) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inf	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Patent and Trademark Office O-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office A	ction Summary				



Art Unit: 2815

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 11, 39, 53, 63, and 73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Miyasaka '779. Miyasaka discloses (see, for example, FIG. 1D) a thin film semiconductor device comprising an intrinsic silicon film 103, gate insulator layer 104, and gate electrode 105. In column 35, lines 45-47, Miyasaka discloses the intrinsic silicon film as having thickness of 500 A (=50 nm). In column 36, lines 18-64, Miyasaka states that the intrinsic silicon film is an a-Si films (amorphous silicon film) that is crystallized into polycrystalline silicon. In column 39, lines 12-15, Miyasaka describes the polycrystalline silicon as being uniform. Also, see *Product-by-Process Limitations* paragraph below.





Art Unit: 2815

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 12, 18, 28, 40, 54, 65, and 74 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyasaka '779 as applied to claims 11, 39, 53, 63, and 73 above, and further in view of Tanaka et al. '744. Miyasaka does not disclose the thin film transistor as part of a display device comprising a pair of substrates adhered with an electrooptical substance and a presence of counter, pixel electrodes, etc. However, it was well known in the art at the time of invention that thin film transistors are integral to display or LCD devices (for example, see abstract and column 1, lines 8-17 of Tanaka). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of invention to use the TFT polycrystalline films of Miyasaka's invention in the thin film transistors found in Tanaka's display devices since thin film transistors are conventionally used in display devices.
  - a. Note, for example, in FIG. 3, Tanaka shows a display device with the two substrates 12, 10, liquid crystal 200, counter electrodes 170r, 170g, pixel electrodes 150 and thin film transistor 101. These components are conventionally found in LCD display devices.
  - b. Claim 18 discloses the claimed invention except for the plural units. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to duplicate the units since it has been held that mere



Art Unit: 2815

duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

- c. Claim 28 discloses the claimed invention except for "said semiconductor thin films are accumulated." It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to duplicate and accumulate the semiconductor thin films since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70. Also see *Product-by-Process Limitations* Paragraph below wherein it states that the only patentable limitations are those limitations that are part of the final product. The accumulation of thin films is a method of forming a final product of a thicker thin film.
- 5. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyasaka '779. Claim 17 discloses the claimed invention except for the plural units. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to duplicate the units (and form more than one polycrystalline unit) since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.
- 6. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyasaka '779. Claim 27 discloses the claimed invention except for "said semiconductor thin films are accumulated." It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to duplicate and accumulate the semiconductor thin films since it has



Art Unit: 2815

been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

# Product-by-Process Limitations

7. While not objectionable, the Office reminds Applicant that "product by process" limitations in claims drawn to structure are directed to the product, per se, no matter how actually made. In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also, In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324; In re Avery, 186 USPQ 161; In re Wethheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289; and particularly In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or otherwise. Note that applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear. Thus, no patentable weight will be given to those process steps which do not add structural limitations to the final product.

All the claims recite limitations that do not offer any *structural* variation to the *final* product. Therefore, any language, such as "formed by forming ..... irradiating ..... with an energy beam" and "irradiate said region at a time by a single shot irradiation" in claim 11, for example, are given no patentable weight. The language here only recites methods of forming the final product (either a thin film semiconductor device or display device). Therefore, the only



Art Unit: 2815

limitations that the Office finds patentable are limitations that are part of a *final structure*, regardless of any methods or intermediate structures that are present and recited in the claims.

# Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 11, 12, 17, 18, 27, 28, 39, 40, 53, 54, 63, 65, 73 and 74 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### INFORMATION ON HOW TO CONTACT THE USPTO

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eugene Lee whose telephone number is 703-305-5695. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie C. Lee can be reached on 703-308-1690. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Eugene Lee April 3, 2002

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800